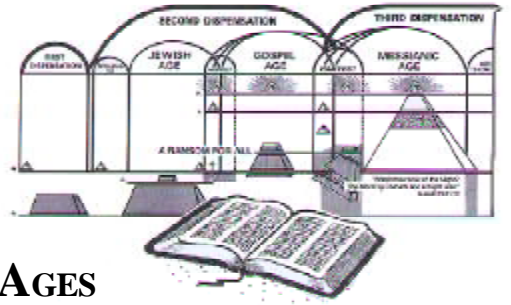


FORT WORTH BIBLE STUDENTS

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THE DIVINE PLAN OF THE AGES

STUDY 11

THE THREE WAYS

NAME: _____

PHONE: () _____

- ◆ Please **study** the 29 paragraphs in Study 11 of "The Divine Plan of the Ages" and the scriptures cited with the questions. We suggest that you number the paragraphs in your book.
- ◆ Return your answers to us. **PLEASE ENCLOSE A SELF-ADDRESSED STAMPED ENVELOPE.** Our Canadian and International friends may make special arrangements for the postage.
- ◆ Your answers will be checked and returned to you for your future studies.
- ◆ **STUDY 12** will be sent when you have completed this lesson.

1. The *three ways* are the _____ way, the _____ way, and the _____ way. (Matthew 7:13, 14; Isaiah 35:8)

2. _____ opened the broad way. (Gen. 2:17) The broad way leads to _____. (Matt. 7: 13) Adam lived _____ years and died. (Gen. 5:5) Is the average length of life now much less? _____

3. How many have tried to change their course and retrace their steps? _____ Is it possible at the present for one to retrace all of his steps? _____ A way of escape was brought to light at the beginning of the _____ age. Who brought life and immortality to light through the gospel? (2 Timothy 1:10) _____ What is the prize of the high calling of the Gospel Church? _____

4. The great mass of mankind does not heed the good tidings because depraved by _____ and _____ by the adversary. Fully consecrated believers have the privilege of walking in the _____ way.

5. How many walk the narrow way? _____

6. The highest form of life is _____.

7. Who is the fountain of all life? _____

Is life an energizing principle? _____ Is the creature a part of the Creator's nature? _____

8. The term *immortality* signifies _____ - _____, consequently disease and pain-proof. In fact, *immortality* may be used as a synonym for _____. From the divine, *immortal* fountain proceed all _____ and blessing, every good and perfect _____.

9. The sunlight shining upon a diamond, upon a brick, and upon various kinds of glass,

produces strikingly different _____. Do the various creatures show forth differently the various organic powers they possess? _____

10. Man was one of the masterpieces of God's _____, made only a little lower than the _____. Man can possess and enjoy _____ only as the supply of _____ is continued. One of the strongest proofs that man is not immortal, is that since sin entered, _____ has passed upon all the human race.

11. Adam was separated from the trees of life, good for food, after his _____, that thereby the death-penalty might go into effect.

12. The glory and beauty of humanity are seen to be dependent on the continued supply of _____. Is there any work, device or knowledge in the grave? (Job 14: 10, 21; Eccl. 9: 10) _____ Man is to have his beauty restored since a _____ has been found. (1 Timothy 2:3-6) Will all in the graves come forth? _____

13. One must have a positive and explicit _____ before he could rightfully aspire to the divine nature.

14. Originally only the heavenly _____ possessed immortality. Do angels, men, beasts, birds, and fish differ in character, capacity, and quality? _____

15. Our Lord was exalted to the divine, immortal _____ at the time of his resurrection from the dead. God's definition of *immortality* is _____ in himself. (John 5:26) During the Gospel age, the offer of _____ is extended to those who have accepted Jesus and consecrated to righteous living. The narrow way leads to glory, honor, and _____.

16. Those who follow faithfully in the footsteps of Jesus receive divine _____ bodies in the resurrection. (1 Cor. 15:40) Do we know what a spirit body is? _____ Those who are more than overcomers will be like Christ Jesus and shall _____ him as he is. (1 John 3:2; Colossians 1:27; 2 Corinthians 4:17; John 17:22)

17. The fully consecrated of the _____ age have escaped the condemnation that is on the world. (Rom. 8:1) The masses of mankind prefer the _____, easy way of self-gratification.

18. Immortality is gained through the sacrifice of the _____ nature even unto death. The world of mankind, if obedient, will actually receive perfect _____ life. The consecrated *little flock* sacrifice and die with Christ in order that they may become partakers of the _____ nature. (2 Peter 1:4; 2 Timothy 2:11, 12)

19. The *little flock* is being prepared for the great work of _____ and _____ the world during the Millennial age. The _____ age is the acceptable time for the selection of the *little flock*. Will Adamic death be permitted forever? _____

20. As new creatures the saints of the Gospel age are on the way to _____. The _____ of God in us is the germ of the new nature.

21. Is it possible for one who has been begotten of the spirit to die? (Romans 8:13) _____ The sons of God are led by the spirit of _____. (Rom. 8:14) Once that one's full consecration has been accepted by the heavenly Father, is it useless to take back that vow? _____

22. Many consecrated ones partially lose sight of the great prize and try to walk upon a _____ road. Is the friendship of the world enmity with God? (James 4:4) _____ The consecrated are to seek honor which comes from _____ only. (John 5:44)

23. A great multitude who love the present world, but have not wholly forsaken the Lord, are turned over to _____ for the destruction of the flesh. (1 Corinthians 5:5) The great multitude will serve God in his _____ and stand before the _____. (Revelation 7:9-17) The *little flock* will be _____ and _____ unto God, seated with Jesus in the throne as his bride and joint-heir. (Revelation 14:1-3)

24. _____ is furnished for each successive step of those walking in the narrow way. The fully consecrated have the privilege of coming

boldly to the throne of _____. (Hebrews 4:16) The *more than overcomers* will receive the _____ of glory. (1 Peter 5:4)

25. The way to immortality has been a way which required the sacrifice forever of the _____ nature. The way to human perfection (the hope of the world) will require the putting away of _____.

26. The way to actual human perfection will be made very _____ and _____. (Isaiah 35:8) During the time the highway of holiness is open, _____ will know the Lord. (Jeremiah 31:34) The highway of holiness will be open to every _____ for whom Christ died. (Isaiah 35:8-10)

27. Each _____ will, according to his necessities, be aided by the wise and perfect administration of the new kingdom. The ones who faithfully walk in the narrow way will bless all the _____ of the earth. (Genesis 22: 17, 18) Will sinful things be prohibited when the highway of holiness is opened? _____ Those who walk the narrow way must _____ themselves and _____ many things not sinful, as well as war continually against besetting sins.

28. Are there now many frightful lions in the way of those who would be glad to forsake sinful ways, and pursue righteousness? _____ Will anyone be allowed to hurt and destroy others after the highway of holiness is opened? (Isaiah 11:9) _____ Will the stumbling stones be gathered out? (Isaiah 62:10) _____ Evil doers who refuse to obey shall be _____ off (destroyed). (Psalm 37:9; Acts 3:23) The ransomed of the Lord will obtain _____ and _____; _____ and _____ shall flee away. (Isaiah 35:10) At the first advent our Lord did not refer to the *highway* of holiness (Matt. 7:13, 14) and omitted mentioning the *day of vengeance* when reading Isaiah's prophecy, because it was not yet _____ to be opened up. (Isaiah 61:2; Luke 4: 18-20) Now that the Millennial day is dawning, is the *highway* of holiness beginning to be seen more and more distinctly? _____

29. The broad way which leads to *death* was opened because of Adam's _____. (Rom. 5:12) Our _____ will open the *highway* of holiness. (Isaiah 35:8-10) The precious _____ of Jesus makes it possible for some to walk in the narrow way. Those faithfully walking in the footsteps of Jesus count all other hopes as but _____ and _____ in comparison. (Philippians 3:8-15)